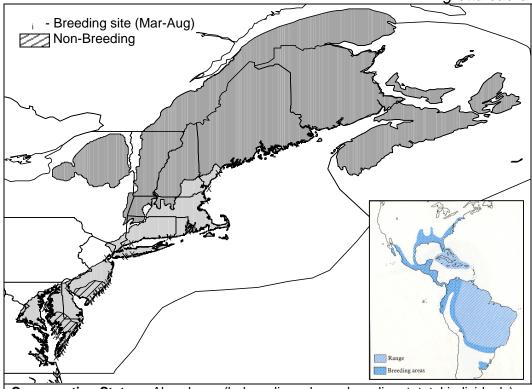
LITTLE BLUE HERON

Egretta caerulea



Regional Occurrence (BCRs 14, 30)

- Distribution: breeds in region; migrates in BCR 14; winters in BCR 30
- Habitats used: marshes, swampy woods, tidal estuaries, lagoons, mangroves and streams; breeding primarily in tall trees

NAWCP BD=?; NAWCP ND=?

Regional Abundance

- 1990s population size: US—3,190 (53 colonies); CAN—0
- 1970s population size: US—2,334 (41 colonies)
- 36.7% increase in regional population

NAWCP PS=2; NAWCP PT=4

Regional Threats

Vulnerable to disturbance/development of nesting and foraging sites

NAWCP TB=4; NAWCP TN=4

- Affected by severe weather and alteration/erosion of shoreline habitat
- Susceptible to pesticides and environmental contaminants
- Collisions with power lines, support wires, and vehicles

Conservation Status: Abundance (b=breeding, nb=nonbreeding, t=total individuals) and Conservation Rank

Global	North America	BCR 14	BCR 30	Mid-Atlantic	S. New England	Gulf of Maine	Maritimes
>300,000 -	200,000 -	0b	3,190b	3,146b	15b	29b	0b
450,000t	300,000b						
IUCN-	NAWCP-	High	High	NJ- S2B; DE-S1B	NY-S2; CT-S1B, SZN; RI-	MA-S1; NH-SZN	QC-SN; PE- no info
Not Evaluated	High Concern	(PI=0%)	(PI=1-2%)	MD-S3B; VA-S2B, S3N	S1B, S2N; MA-S1; VT-na	ME-S1B; NB, NS- no info	NB, NS- no info
	(PI=30%)						

Conservation Needs: Sustainability: 2.7 fledglings / successful nest; Foraging Habitat: mean10 km from coastal colony (2.9-10.2 km); various freshwater and marine-estuarine wetland habitats; shallow water and often uses densely vegetated foraging sites; choices highly variable; open pools and channel edges of Spartina marshes; Issues: Some states prohibit trespassing into heron colonies and surrounding buffer zones, especially during the breeding season; Needs: monitor; Population Goals: maintain (above minimum), target 2,900-3,500b; Habitat Goals: